Citations are a form of academic language.

Here’s a typical conversation...

You start with a relevant article or book and see who they cited to form their argument that you found so helpful.

They likely cited other potentially helpful sources. Reference lists, works cited, and bibliographies are your new best friends.
Unless it’s a very recent article or book, it’s likely someone else has cited it. Their work could also be helpful to you as well as other works that they cited.

How do you find out who cited your article or book?!

**Google Scholar!**
scholar.google.com

By searching for an author or a specific text in Google Scholar, you can see who has been citing them as a way to find more potentially useful works!

> Always start with advanced search!

> Fill out the form to fit your needs. Be sure to use the drop down menu to note where the word(s) occur.
The first work will be the one cited the most.

>Click “Cited by #” to see who cited it.

>“[BOOK]” means it is available (in part or wholly) through Google Books.

> If the item is available as a PDF online or through Greensboro College, it will provide a link on the right. You can also search for the journal by title on the library’s page.

> Browse through the citations to see if any might be useful. You can search within the citing articles when you check the box.